UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

		FORM 10-Q		
X	QUARTERLY REPORT P 1934	URSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE	E SECURITIES EXCHANGE A	СТ ОБ
		For the quarterly period ended April 1, 2018 OR		
	TRANSITION REPORT P	URSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE	SECURITIES EXCHANGE A	CT OF
		Commission file number 1-10079		
	CYPRES	S SEMICONDUCTOR CO		
		(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charte	er) 	
	Delawar	e	94-2885898	
	(State or other jur incorporation or or		(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)	
		198 Champion Court, San Jose, California 9513 (Address of principal executive offices and zip code) (408) 943-2600 (Registrant's telephone number, including area code)	4	
durin	•	ant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 h shorter period that the registrant was required to file such r No \Box		
be su	bmitted and posted pursuant to Rule	ant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for		
Indic		☐ ant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-acce ions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller		
Larg	e accelerated filer	X	Accelerated filer	
Non-	-accelerated filer	☐ (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)	Smaller reporting company	
		Emerging Growth Company □		
		by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extervided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. \Box	nded transition period for complying with	any new or
Indic	ate by check mark whether the registr	ant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exch	ange Act). Yes \square No $ rightarrow$	
The t	otal number of outstanding shares of	the registrant's common stock as of April 20, 2018 was 358,4	92,152.	

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PART I—FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Forward-Looking Statements

The discussion in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains statements that are not historical in nature, but are forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, that involve risks and uncertainties, including, but not limited to, statements related to: our pursuit of long-term growth initiatives, including various long-term strategic corporate transformational initiatives, collectively referred to as our Cypress 3.0 strategy; expected improvements in margin and our ability to successfully execute on our margin improvement plan; our manufacturing strategy including our ability to efficiently manage our manufacturing facilities and achieve our cost goals emanating from our flexible manufacturing strategy; our ability to secure supply to meet customer demand; the anticipated impact of our acquisitions, dispositions and restructuring activities; anticipated growth opportunities in the automotive, consumer and industrial markets; our expectations regarding dividends and stock repurchases; our expectations regarding future technology transfers and other licensing arrangements; our efforts to license and/or monetize our intellectual property portfolio; our expectations regarding the timing and cost of our restructuring liabilities; our expectations regarding our active litigation matters and our intent to defend ourselves in those matters; the competitive advantage we believe we have with our patents as well as our proprietary programmable technologies and programmable products; our plans for our products, pricing, and marketing efforts, including the potential impact on our customer base if we were to raise our prices; our backlog as an indicator of future performance; our ability to pay down our indebtedness and continue to meet the covenants set forth in our debt agreements; the risk associated with our yield investment agreements; our foreign currency exposure and the impact exchange rates could have on our operating margins; the adequacy of our cash and working capital positions; the value and liquidity of our investments, including auction rate securities, other debt investments, and investments in privately-held companies; the impact of U.S. tax reform efforts; our ability to recognize certain unrecognized tax benefits within the next twelve months as well as the resolution of agreements with various foreign tax authorities; our investment strategy; the impact of interest rate fluctuations on our investments; the volatility of our stock price; the impact of actions by stockholder activists; the size and composition of our Board of Directors; the adequacy of our real estate properties; the utility of our non-GAAP reporting; the adequacy of our audits; the potential impact of our indemnification obligations; our plans to remediate the identified material weakness; and the impact of new accounting standards on our financial statements and our ability to recognize revenue. We use words such as "may," "will," "should," "plan," "anticipate," "believe," "expect," "future," "intend," "estimate," "predict," "potential," "continue," and similar expressions to identify forward-looking statements. Such forward-looking statements are made as of the date hereof and are based on our current expectations, beliefs and intentions regarding future events or our financial performance and the information available to management as of the date hereof. In addition, readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements. Except as required by law, we assume no responsibility to update any such forward-looking statements. Our actual results could differ materially from those expected, discussed or projected in the forward-looking statements contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for any number of reasons, including, but not limited to: the state and future of the general economy and its impact on the markets and consumers we serve and our investments; our ability to execute on our Cypress 3.0 strategy and our margin improvement plan; our ability to effectively integrate companies and assets that we acquire; our ability to attract and retain key personnel; our ability to timely deliver our proprietary and programmable technologies and products; the current credit conditions; our ability to retain and expand our customer base, which may be adversely affected if we were to raise our prices; our ability to transform our business with a leading portfolio of programmable products; the number and nature of our competitors; the changing environment and/or cycles of the semiconductor industry; foreign currency exchange rates; our ability to efficiently manage our manufacturing facilities and achieve our cost goals emanating from our flexible manufacturing strategy; our ability to achieve our goals related to our restructuring activities; the uncertainty and expense of pending litigation matters; our ability to pay down our indebtedness and continue to meet the covenants set forth in our debt agreements; our ability to manage our investments and interest rate and exchange rate exposure; changes in the law including changes to tax and intellectual property law; potential disruptions in the international trade and investment environment, including deteriorating relationships between the US government and foreign governments; the results of our pending tax examinations; our ability to achieve liquidity in our investments; the failure or success of the privately-held companies that we are invested in; our ability to remediate any material weakness; and/or the materialization of one or more of the risks set forth above or under Part I, Item 1A (Risk Factors) in the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017.

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CYPRESS SEMICONDUCTOR CORPORATION CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Unaudited)

		April 1, 2018		December 31, 2017
		(In thous per-shar		-
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	106,752	\$	151,596
Accounts receivable, net		393,303		295,991
Inventories		275,449		272,127
Other current assets		112,747		103,637
Total current assets		888,251		823,351
Property, plant and equipment, net		294,299		289,554
Equity method investments		119,053		122,514
Intangible assets, net		660,809		715,120
Goodwill		1,439,472		1,439,472
Other long-term assets		138,539		147,039
Total assets	\$	3,540,423	\$	3,537,050
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			_	
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	236,930	\$	213,101
Accrued compensation and employee benefits		66,917		79,275
Price adjustment and other revenue reserves		214,630		173,592
Dividend payable		39,401		38,741
Current portion of long-term debt		27,303		27,303
Other current liabilities		115,558		143,485
Total current liabilities		700,739		675,497
Deferred income taxes and other tax liabilities		54,083		52,006
Revolving credit facility and long-term portion of debt		920,684		956,513
Other long-term liabilities		36,112		35,442
Total liabilities	\$	1,711,618	\$	1,719,458
Commitments and contingencies (Note 10)			-	
Equity:				
Preferred stock, \$.01 par value, 5,000 shares authorized; none issued and outstanding		_		_
Common stock, \$.01 par value, 650,000 and 650,000 shares authorized; 531,765 and 525,719 shares issued; 358,262 ar 352,220 shares outstanding at April 1, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively	nd	4,969		4,936
Additional paid-in-capital		5,657,767		5,659,612
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)		2,572		(1,362)
Accumulated deficit		(1,502,628)		(1,511,706)
Stockholders' equity before treasury stock		4,162,680		4,151,480
Less: Shares of common stock held in treasury, at cost; 173,503 and 173,498 shares at April 1, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively		(2,334,943)		(2,334,944)
Total Cypress stockholders' equity		1,827,737		1,816,536
Non-controlling interest		1,068		1,056
Total equity	_	1,828,805		1,817,592
Total liabilities and equity	\$	3,540,423	\$	3,537,050
Total nationales and equity	Ψ	3,370,723	Ψ	3,337,030

CYPRESS SEMICONDUCTOR CORPORATION CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (Unaudited)

Three Months Ended

		April 1, 2018		April 2, 2017				
	(In thousands, except per-share amounts)							
Revenues	\$	582,241	\$	531,874				
Cost of revenues		369,849		374,766				
Gross profit		212,392		157,108				
Research and development		93,233		89,348				
Selling, general and administrative		83,397		81,333				
Total operating expenses		176,630	<u> </u>	170,681				
Operating income (loss)		35,762		(13,573)				
Interest expense		(18,859)		(19,475)				
Other income, net		705		116				
Income (loss) before income taxes and non-controlling interest		17,608		(32,932)				
Income tax provision		(5,057)		(4,927)				
Share in net loss of equity method investees		(3,461)		(5,076)				
Net income (loss)		9,090		(42,935)				
Net loss attributable to non-controlling interests		(12)		(64)				
Net income (loss) attributable to Cypress	\$	9,078	\$	(42,999)				
Net income (loss) per share attributable to Cypress:								
Basic	\$	0.03	\$	(0.13)				
Diluted	\$	0.02	\$	(0.13)				
Cash dividend declared per share	\$	0.11	\$	0.11				
Shares used in net income (loss) per share calculation:								
Basic		355,461		326,964				
Diluted		370,592		326,964				

CYPRESS SEMICONDUCTOR CORPORATION CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) (Unaudited)

Three Months Ended April 1, 2018 April 2, 2017 (In thousands) Net income (loss) 9,090 \$ (42,935)Other comprehensive (loss) income: Net unrealized (loss) gain on cash flow hedges: 4,464 2,240 Net unrealized gain arising during the period Net (gain) loss reclassified into earnings for revenue hedges (effective 607 (2,589)portion) Net loss (gain) reclassified into earnings for expense hedges (effective portion) (1,137)5,650 (808)Provision for income tax Net unrealized (loss) gain on cash flow hedges 3,934 4,493 Other comprehensive (loss) income 3,934 4,493 13,024 (38,442) Comprehensive income (loss) Comprehensive loss attributable to non-controlling interest (12)(64) 13,012 (38,506) Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to Cypress

CYPRESS SEMICONDUCTOR CORPORATION CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended				
		April 1, 2018		April 2, 2017	
		(In tho	ousa	nds)	
Cash flows from operating activities:					
Net income (loss)	\$	9,090	\$		(42,935)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by operating activities:					
Stock-based compensation expense		18,458			23,154
Depreciation and amortization		71,450			65,111
(Gain) loss on disposal and impairment of property and equipment		5,337			_
Share in net loss of equity method investees		3,461			5,076
Accretion of interest expense on Senior Exchangeable Notes and amortization of debt and financing costs on other debt		8,423			5,051
Restructuring and other adjustments		3,911			(526)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:					
Accounts receivable		(97,312)			15,761
Inventories		(4,203)			(37,105)
Other current and long-term assets		(6,252)			(3,695)
Price adjustment reserve for sales to distributors		41,037			6,546
Accounts payable and other liabilities		(21,722)			(10,717)
Net cash provided by operating activities		31,678			25,721
Cash flows from investing activities:					
Cash received on sale of asset held for sale		_			31,611
Proceeds from divestiture		_			6,509
Distributions (contributions), net for deferred compensation plan		4,743			4,427
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment		(17,267)			(13,772)
Cash paid for equity and cost method investments		_			(7,125)
Other investing		(1,649)			_
Net cash used in investing activities		(14,173)			21,650
Cash flows from financing activities:					
Borrowings under revolving credit facility		60,000			30,000
Repayment of revolving credit facility		(87,000)			(45,000)
Repayment of Term Loan A and Term Loan B		(6,826)			(7,500)
Payment of cash dividends		(38,741)			(35,537)
Proceeds from employee stock-based awards		20,543			17,936
Payment for extinguishment of 2% 2020 Spansion Exchangeable Notes		(10,000)			(114)
Financing costs related to debt		(325)			(5,828)
Net cash used in financing activities		(62,349)			(46,043)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(44,844)			1,328
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period		151,596			120,172
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$	106,752	\$		121,500
			_		
Supplemental Cash Flows Disclosures:					
Unpaid purchase of property, plant and equipment	\$	20,159	\$		2,378

CYPRESS SEMICONDUCTOR CORPORATION NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

NOTE 1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Fiscal Years

Cypress Semiconductor Corporation ("Cypress" or the "Company") reports on a fiscal-year basis. The Company ends its quarters on the Sunday closest to the end of the applicable calendar quarter, except in a 53-week fiscal year, in which case the additional week falls into the fourth quarter of that fiscal year. Fiscal years 2018 and 2017 each contained 52 weeks. The first quarter of fiscal 2018 ended on April 1, 2018 and the first quarter of fiscal 2017 ended on April 2, 2017.

Basis of Presentation

The consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("U.S. GAAP") and include the accounts of Cypress and all of its subsidiaries. All intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated in consolidation.

In the opinion of management, the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements contain all adjustments of a normal, recurring nature, which are necessary to state fairly the financial information included therein. These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and related notes thereto included in Cypress's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017. The year-end condensed balance sheet data was derived from audited financial statements, but does not include all disclosures required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP").

Certain balances included on the Consolidated Balance Sheet and in the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for prior periods have been reclassified to conform to the current period presentation. During the quarter ended April 1, 2018, the Company allocated the amortization of acquisition-related intangible assets and restructuring costs by function in the Consolidated Statements of Operations. The Consolidated Statement of Operations for the prior period has been reclassified to conform to the current period presentation as follow:

	Three	Three months Ended April 2, 2017					
	As Revised	Reclassification	As Adjusted				
	·	(in Thousands)					
Cost of revenues	331,368	43,398	374,766				
Research and development	86,996	2,352	89,348				
Selling, general and administrative	76,262	5,071	81,333				
Amortization of intangible assets	48,249	(48,249)	_				
Restructuring costs (benefit)	2,572	(2,572)	_				

The Condensed Consolidated Statement of Operations for the three months ended April 1, 2018 is not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full fiscal year.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Company's significant accounting policies are described under Note 1 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

The following are the recent accounting pronouncements issued but not yet adopted that may materially affect the Company's consolidated financial statements:

In February 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standard Update ("ASU") 2016-02, Leases, ("Topic 842"), which replaces most current lease guidance when it becomes effective. This standard update intends to

increase the transparency and improve comparability by requiring entities to recognize assets and liabilities on the balance sheet for all leases, with certain exceptions. The new standard states that a lessee will recognize a lease liability for the obligation to make lease payments and a right-of-use asset for the right to use the underlying asset for the lease term. Leases will be classified as either finance or operating, with classification affecting the pattern of expense recognition in the consolidated statements of operations. The new guidance will be effective for the Company starting in the first quarter of fiscal 2019. Early adoption is permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the effect that the new guidance will have on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

In August 2017, the FASB issued ASU No. 2017-12, "Derivatives and Hedging (Topic 815): Targeted Improvements to Accounting for Hedging Activities". The amendments in ASU 2017-12 are intended to more closely align hedge accounting with companies' risk management strategies, simplify the application of hedge accounting, and increase transparency as to the scope and results of hedging programs. The guidance in ASU 2017-12 is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018, and interim periods within those fiscal years, with early adoption permitted. The Company is evaluating the impact this guidance will have on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

In February 2018, the FASB issued ASU No. 2018-02, "Income Statement-Reporting Comprehensive Income (Topic 220): Reclassification of Certain Tax Effects from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income". The amendments in ASU 2018-02 are intended to allow a reclassification from accumulated other comprehensive income to retained earnings for stranded tax effects resulting from the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act. The guidance in ASU 2018-02 is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018, and interim periods within those fiscal years, with early adoption permitted. The Company is evaluating the impact this guidance will have on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

Adoption of ASC 606:

In May 2014, the FASB issued an ASU on revenue from contracts with customers, ASU No. 2014-09, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" ("Topic 606"). This standard update outlines a single comprehensive model for entities to use in accounting for revenue arising from contracts with customers. The guidance is effective for annual reporting periods including interim reporting reports beginning after December 15, 2017. Collectively, we refer to Topic 606, its related amendments and Subtopic 340-40 as the "new standard".

On January 1, 2018, we adopted Topic 606 using the modified retrospective method applied to all contracts that are not completed contracts at the date of initial application (i.e., January 1, 2018). Results for reporting periods after January 1, 2018 are presented under Topic 606, while prior period amounts are not adjusted and continue to be reported in accordance with our historic accounting under Topic 605. There was no impact on the opening accumulated deficit as of January 1, 2018 due to the adoption of Topic 606. We reclassified the sales return reserve to current liabilities presented as "Price adjustment and other revenue reserves" from the allowance for accounts receivable due to the adoption of Topic 606.

Revenues are recognized when control of the promised goods or services is transferred to our customers, in an amount that reflects the consideration we expect to be entitled to in exchange for those goods or services. Sales of products with alternative use account for the majority of our revenue and are recognized at a point in time, the timing of such recognition remained the same under Topic 606.

Taxes assessed by a governmental authority that are both imposed on and concurrent with a specific revenue-producing transaction, that are collected by the Company from a customer and deposited with the relevant government authority, are excluded from revenue. The Company's revenue arrangements do not contain significant financing components.

Revenue is recognized over a period of time when it is assessed that performance obligations are satisfied over a period rather than at a point in time. When any of the following criteria is fulfilled, revenue is recognized over a period of time:

- (a) The customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the performance as Cypress performs.
- (b) Cypress' performance creates or enhances an asset (for example, work in process) that the customer controls as the asset is created or enhanced.
- (c) Cypress' performance does not create an asset with an alternative use, and Cypress has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

We then select an appropriate method for measuring progress toward complete satisfaction of the performance obligation, usually costs incurred to date relative to the total expected costs to the satisfaction of that performance obligation.

Sales to certain distributors are made under arrangements which provide the distributors with price adjustments, price protection, stock rotation and other allowances under certain circumstances. These adjustment and allowances are accounted for as variable consideration. We estimate these amounts based on the expected amount to be provided to customers and reduce revenue recognized. We believe that there will not be significant changes to our estimates of variable consideration.

Our non-recurring engineering ("NRE") contracts with customers may include multiple performance obligations. For NRE arrangements, we allocate revenue to each performance obligation based on its relative standalone selling price. We generally determine standalone selling price of intellectual properties license based on residual approach, and service based on cost plus a reasonable margin. We recognize revenue in the amount to which we have a right to invoice, if the right to consideration from the customer is in an amount that corresponds reasonably with the value to the customer of the entity's performance completed to date.

If a customer pays consideration, or Cypress has a right to an amount of consideration that is unconditional before we transfer a good or service to the customer, those amounts are classified as deferred income/advances received from customers which are included in other current liabilities or other long-term liabilities when the payment is made or it is due, whichever is earlier.

If the arrangement includes variable contingent consideration, the Company recognizes revenue over time if Management can reasonably measure its progress, or capable of providing reliable information that would be required to apply an appropriate method of measuring progress.

Practical Expedients and Elections

Sales commissions are owed and are recorded at the time of sell through of our products to end customers. These costs are recorded within sales and marketing expenses.

We do not disclose the value of unsatisfied performance obligations for (i) contracts with an original expected length of one year or less and (ii) contracts for which we recognize revenue at the amount to which we have the right to invoice for services performed.

We have elected to account for shipping and handling costs as fulfillment costs after the customer obtains control of the goods.

Other recently adopted pronouncements:

In October 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-16, "Intra-Entity Transfers of Assets Other Than Inventory." For public entities, ASU 2016-16 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017, and interim periods within those fiscal years. The Company adopted this guidance in the first quarter fiscal 2018. The adoption of this guidance did not have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

In November 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-18 Restricted Cash, which requires amounts generally described as restricted cash and restricted cash equivalents be included with cash and cash equivalents when reconciling the total beginning and ending amounts for the periods shown on the statement of cash flows. ASU 2016-18 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017 (including interim periods within those periods) using a retrospective transition method to each period presented. The Company adopted the provisions of ASU 2016-18 as of January 1, 2018. There was no material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements resulting from the adoption of this guidance.

In January 2017, the FASB issued ASU No. 2017-04, "Intangibles-Goodwill and Other (Topic 350): Simplifying the Test for Goodwill Impairment." The standard eliminates the second step in the goodwill impairment test which requires an entity to determine the implied fair value of the reporting unit's goodwill. Instead, an entity should recognize an impairment loss if the carrying value of the net assets assigned to the reporting unit exceeds the fair value of the reporting unit, with the impairment loss not to exceed the amount of goodwill allocated to the reporting unit. The standard is effective for annual and interim goodwill impairment tests conducted in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019, with early adoption permitted. The Company adopted this guidance in the first quarter fiscal 2018. The adoption of this guidance did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

In May 2017, the FASB issued ASU No. 2017-09, "Compensation - Stock Compensation (Topic 718): Scope of Modification Accounting." ASU 2017-09 amends the requirements in GAAP related to accounting for changes to stock compensation awards. The guidance in ASU 2017-09 is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2017, including interim periods within those fiscal years. The Company adopted this guidance in the first quarter fiscal 2018. The adoption of this guidance did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

Revision of prior period financial statements

During the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017, we identified and recorded certain immaterial errors that originated in fiscal years ended January 1, 2017 and January 3, 2016. These errors consisted primarily of errors in certain assumptions and calculations used in the determination of non-cash stock-based compensation primarily relating to the Employee Share Purchase Program ("ESPP"). We determined that the errors were not material to the previously issued financial statements and disclosures included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017 or for any quarterly periods included therein.

For the three months ended April 1, 2018, we are presenting comparative fiscal 2017 quarterly information. The fiscal 2017 results for the three months ended April 2, 2017 have been revised to reflect the quarterly impact of the adjustments described above.

The effect of the immaterial corrections on the consolidated statement of operations for the quarter ended April 2, 2017 is as follows:

	Quarter Ended April 2, 2017						
Revised Consolidated Statements of Operations Amounts	As previously reported Adjustments			As revised			
		(In the	housa	ands, except per-share amou	unts)		
Cost of revenues	\$	332,814	\$	(1,446)	\$	331,368	
Research and development		88,481		(1,485)		86,996	
Selling, general and administrative		76,114		148		76,262	
Total costs and expenses		548,230		(2,783)		545,447	
Operating loss		(16,356)		2,783		(13,573)	
Loss before income taxes and non-controlling interest		(35,715)		2,783		(32,932)	
Net loss		(45,718)		2,783		(42,935)	
Net loss attributable to Cypress	\$	(45,782)	\$	2,783	\$	(42,999)	
Net loss per share attributable to Cypress:							
Basic	\$	(0.14)	\$	0.01	\$	(0.13)	
Diluted	\$	(0.14)	\$	0.01	\$	(0.13)	

The effect of the immaterial corrections on the consolidated statement of comprehensive income (loss) for the quarter ended April 2, 2017 is as follows:

	Quarter Ended April 2, 2017								
Revised Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss):		As previously reported		Adjustments		As revised			
	(In thousands)					_			
Net loss	\$	(45,718)	\$	2,783	\$	(42,935)			
Comprehensive loss		(41,225)		2,783		(38,442)			
Comprehensive loss attributable for Cypress	\$	(41,289)	\$	2,783	\$	(38,506)			

The effect of the immaterial corrections on the consolidated statement of cash flows for the quarter ended April 2, 2017 is as follows:

Ouarter	Ended	April	2,2017	
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Revised Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows:	As	previously reported	Adjustments			As revised
				(In thousands)		_
Net (loss) income	\$	(45,718)	\$	2,783	\$	(42,935)
Stock-based compensation expense		25,937		(2,783)		23,154
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	25,721	\$	_	\$	25,721

The effect of the immaterial corrections on the disclosures related to stock-based compensation for the quarter ended April 2, 2017 is as follows:

		Quarter Ended April 2, 2017							
Revised Stock-Based Compensation Footnote:		As Reported Adjustmen		Adjustments		As Revised			
		(in thousands)							
Cost of revenues	\$	5,331	\$	(1,446)	\$	3,885			
Research and development		11,771		(1,485)		10,286			
Selling, general, and administrative		8,835		148		8,983			
Total stock-based compensation expense	\$	25,937	\$	(2,783)	\$	23,154			

NOTE 2. BALANCE SHEET COMPONENTS

Accounts Receivable, Net

	As of					
	 April 1, 2018	Dec	ember 31, 2017			
	 (In thousands)					
Accounts receivable, gross	\$ 394,331	\$	301,465			
Allowance for doubtful accounts receivable and sales returns	(1,028)		(5,474)			
Total accounts receivable, net	\$ 393,303	\$	295,991			

Inventories

	As of					
	April 1, 2018	Dec	cember 31, 2017			
	(In thousands)					
Raw materials	\$ 16,120	\$	15,635			
Work-in-process	187,333		176,427			
Finished goods	71,996		80,065			
Total inventories	\$ 275,449	\$	272,127			

Other Current Assets

	As of					
	April 1, 2018	Dece	ember 31, 2017			
	(In thous	ands)				
Prepaid tooling - current	\$ 22,659	\$	21,132			
Advances to suppliers	19,784		15,968			
Prepaid royalty and licenses	22,158		16,630			
Derivative assets	3,005		1,197			
Value added tax receivable	11,078		11,412			
Prepaid expenses	17,923		17,737			
Withholding tax receivable and tax advance	4,653		5,790			
Other current assets	11,487		13,771			
Total other current assets	\$ 112,747	\$	103,637			

Other Long-term Assets

		As of					
	A	pril 1, 2018	Dece	mber 31, 2017			
		(In thousands)					
Employee deferred compensation plan	\$	45,038	\$	49,495			
Investment in cost method equity securities		17,017		17,017			
Deferred tax assets		4,145		4,293			
Long-term licenses		6,617		8,654			
Advance to suppliers		5,035		11,315			
Deposit - non-current		10,114		9,830			
Pension - non-current		7,923		8,026			
Prepaid tooling and other non-current assets		42,650		38,409			
Total other long-term assets	\$	138,539	\$	147,039			

Other Current Liabilities

		As of					
	_	April 1, 2018			December 31, 2017		
	_		(In th	ous	ands)		
Employee deferred compensation plan	\$	S	46,506	\$	50,629		
Restructuring accrual - current portion (See Note 6)			6,133		9,580		
Derivative liability			1,783		2,033		
Accrued expenses			40,355		47,789		
Accrued interest			4,144		8,094		
Customer advances			2,521		12,873		
Other current liabilities			14,116		12,487		
Total other current liabilities	\$	S	115,558	\$	143,485		

Other Long-term Liabilities

		As of					
	Apri	April 1, 2018 December 3					
		(In thousands)					
Long-term pension and other employee related liabilities	\$	17,809	\$	16,779			
Restructuring accrual - non-current portion (See Note 6)		8,214		8,596			
Asset retirement obligation		6,040		5,693			
Other long-term liabilities		4,049		4,374			
Total other long-term liabilities	\$	36,112	\$	35,442			

NOTE 3. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

The following table presents details of the Company's intangible assets:

	As of April 1, 2018					As of December 31, 2017						
	Accumulated Gross Amortization Net					Accumulated Gross Amortization				Net (a)		
					(In thou	sand	s)					
Developed technology and other intangible assets												
Acquisition-related intangible assets	\$ 1,162,364	\$	(543,377)	\$	618,987	\$	1,072,824	\$	(490,327)	\$ 582,497		
Non-acquisition related intangible assets	19,884		(12,088)		7,796		19,884		(10,828)	9,056		
Total developed technology and other intangible assets	 1,182,248		(555,465)		626,783		1,092,708		(501,155)	591,553		
In-process research and development	34,026		_		34,026		123,567		_	123,567		
Total intangible assets	\$ 1,216,274	\$	(555,465)	\$	660,809	\$	1,216,275	\$	(501,155)	\$ 715,120		

The below table presents details of the in-process research and development assets as of April 1, 2018:

	(In thousands)
As of December 31, 2017	\$ 123,567
Technological feasibility achieved	(89,541)
As of April 1, 2018	\$ 34,026

During the three months ended April 1, 2018, three projects representing \$89.5 million of the total capitalized in-process research and development ("IPR&D"), with estimated useful lives of 5 years, had reached technological feasibility and were transferred to developed technology.

The following table summarizes the amortization expense by line item recorded in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations:

		Three Months Ended						
	April 1, 2018			April 2, 2017				
	(In thousands)							
Cost of revenues	\$	48,102	\$		43,166			
Selling, general and administrative		4,948			5,083			
Total amortization expense	\$	53,050	\$		48,249			

The estimated future amortization expense related to developed technology and other intangible assets as of April 1, 2018 is as follows:

	(In thousands)
2018 (remaining nine months)	159,795
2019	205,726
2020	144,527
2021	49,982
2022	28,747
2023 and thereafter	38,006
Total future amortization expense	\$ 626,783

NOTE 4. INVESTMENT IN EQUITY METHOD INVESTMENTS

Privately-held equity investments are accounted for under the equity method of accounting if the Company has an ownership interest of 20% or greater or if it has the ability to exercise significant influence over the operations of such companies.

Enovix Corporation ("Enovix")

During the fourth quarter of fiscal 2017, the Company determined that its investment in Enovix, which is accounted for as an equity method investment, had suffered an other-than temporary impairment primarily because Enovix had not achieved certain key planned product development milestones. Consequently, the Company recognized a charge of \$51.2 million during the fourth quarter of fiscal 2017. The Company held 41.2% of Enovix's outstanding voting shares as of April 1, 2018.

Deca Technologies Inc. ("Deca")

The Company held 52.5% of Deca's outstanding voting shares as of April 1, 2018 and December 31, 2017.

The below table presents the changes in carrying value of the equity method investments related to Deca.

	As of A	pril 1, 2018
	Deca Technol	ogies Inc. ("Deca")
	(in t	nousands)
Carrying value as of December 31, 2017	\$	122,514
Equity in net loss of equity method investees		(3,461)
Carrying value as of April 1, 2018	\$	119,053

NOTE 5. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

Assets/Liabilities Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis

The following tables present the fair value hierarchy for the Company's financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of April 1, 2018 and December 31, 2017:

	As of April 1, 2018					As of December 31, 2017						
		Level 1 Level 2 Total			Level 1 Level 2			Total				
						(In tho	usan	ıds)				
Financial Assets												
Cash equivalents:												
Money market funds	\$	105	\$		\$	105	\$	20,477	\$		\$	20,477
Total cash equivalents		105				105		20,477				20,477
Other current assets:												
Certificates of deposit		_		993		993		_		972		972
Total other current assets		_		993		993		_		972		972
Employee deferred compensation plan assets:												
Cash equivalents		2,197		_		2,197		3,561		_		3,561
Mutual funds		27,781		_		27,781		27,321		_		27,321
Equity securities		9,426		_		9,426		12,994		_		12,994
Fixed income		3,747		_		3,747		3,415		_		3,415
Stable value funds		_		1,887		1,887		_		2,204		2,204
Total employee deferred compensation plan assets		43,151		1,887		45,038		47,291		2,204		49,495
Interest swap		_		3,298		3,298		_		_		_
Foreign exchange forward contracts				3,005		3,005				1,197		1,197
Total financial assets	\$	43,256	\$	9,183	\$	52,439	\$	67,768	\$	4,373	\$	72,141
Financial Liabilities												
Foreign exchange forward contracts	\$	_	\$	1,757	\$	1,757	\$	_	\$	1,426	\$	1,426
Employee deferred compensation plan liability		44,619		1,887		46,506		48,425		2,204		50,629
Interest swap	\$	_	\$	27	\$	27	\$		\$		\$	_
Total financial liabilities	\$	44,619	\$	3,671	\$	48,290	\$	48,425	\$	3,630	\$	52,055

The Company did not have any material assets or liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis using Level 3 inputs as of April 1, 2018 and December 31, 2017. There were no transfers between Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3 fair value hierarchies during the three months ended April 1, 2018 and April 2, 2017 related to these securities.

Valuation Techniques:

There have been no changes to the valuation techniques used to measure the fair value of the Company's assets and liabilities. For a description of the valuation techniques, refer to Note 7 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017.

Assets and Liabilities Measured at Fair Value on a Nonrecurring Basis

Certain of the Company's assets, including intangible assets, goodwill and cost-method investments, are measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis if impairment is indicated.

$Fair\ Value\ of\ Long-term\ Debt$

As of April 1, 2018, the carrying value of the Company's revolving credit facility was \$63.0 million (See Note 8). The carrying value of the Company's revolving credit facility approximates its fair value since it bears an interest rate that is comparable to rates on similar credit facilities and is determined using Level 2 inputs.

The Company's 2% 2020 Spansion Exchangeable Notes assumed as part of the Company's merger with Spansion Inc. (Spansion"), which was completed on March 12, 2015 (the "Merger"), are traded in the secondary market for debt instruments and are categorized as a Level 2 liability. The principal of the Notes and the estimated fair value as of April 1, 2018 were \$12.0 million and \$38.5 million, respectively. See Note 8 for further details.

The Company's 4.5% 2022 Senior Exchangeable Notes are traded in the secondary market for debt instruments and the fair value is determined using Level 2 inputs. The principal of the Notes and the estimated fair value as of April 1, 2018 were \$287.5 million and \$391.7 million, respectively. See Note 8 for further details.

The Company's 2% 2023 Exchangeable Notes are traded in the secondary market and the fair value is determined using Level 2 inputs. The principal of the Notes and the estimated fair value of the principal as of April 1, 2018 were \$150.0 million and \$161.6 million, respectively. See Note 8 for further details.

NOTE 6. RESTRUCTURING

Since 2016, the Company has launched certain long-term strategic corporate transformation initiatives which have required certain restructuring activities to streamline our internal processes and redeploy personnel and resources to target markets as discussed below:

2018 Restructuring Plan

During the first quarter of fiscal 2018, the Company began implementation of a reduction in workforce ("2018 Plan") which will result in elimination of approximately 75 positions in various functions. The restructuring charge of \$1.6 million during the three months ended April 1, 2018 consists of personnel costs. The Company anticipates that the remaining restructuring accrual balance of \$1.6 million will be paid out in cash through fiscal 2018.

2017 Restructuring Plan

In December 2017, the Company began implementation of a reduction in workforce ("2017 Plan") which resulted in the elimination of approximately 80 positions worldwide across various functions. The restructuring charge of \$2.5 million during the three months ended April 1, 2018 consists of personnel costs. The Company anticipates that the remaining restructuring accrual balance of \$1.9 million will be paid out in cash through fiscal 2018.

2016 Restructuring Plan

In September 2016, the Company began the implementation of a reduction in workforce ("2016 Plan") which resulted in the elimination of approximately 430 positions worldwide across various functions. No restructuring charges were recorded for the three months ended April 1, 2018 related to the 2016 Plan. The personnel costs related to the 2016 Plan during the three months ended April 2, 2017 were \$2.6 million. The Company anticipates that the remaining restructuring accrual balance of \$0.3 million which consists of personnel costs will be paid out in cash through fiscal 2018.

Spansion Integration-Related Restructuring Plan ("Spansion Integration Plan")

In March 2015, the Company implemented cost reduction and restructuring activities in connection with the Merger. No restructuring charges were recorded for the three months ended April 1, 2018 related to the Spansion Integration Plan. The Company anticipates that the remaining restructuring accrual balance of \$10.6 million, which relates to an excess lease obligation, will be paid out in cash over the remaining lease term through fiscal 2026.

Summary of Restructuring Costs

The following table summarizes the restructuring charges recorded in the Consolidated Statements of Operations:

	Three Months Ended					
	 April 1, 2018	A	pril 2, 2017			
	(In thousands)					
Personnel costs	\$ 4,096	\$	1,503			
Other	_		1,069			
Total restructuring costs	\$ 4,096	\$	2,572			

The following table summarizes the restructuring costs by line item recorded in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations:

	 Three Months Ended					
	 April 1, 2018		pril 2, 2017			
	 (In thousands)					
Cost of goods sold	\$ 1,887	\$	231			
Research and development	293		2,353			
Selling, general and administrative	1,916		(12)			
Total restructuring costs	\$ 4,096	\$	2,572			

		(In thousands)								
	20:	18 Plan	2	017 Plan	2	016 Plan]	Spansion Integration plan		Total
Accrued restructuring balance as of December 31, 2017	\$	_	\$	6,139	\$	743	\$	11,297	\$	18,179
Provision		1,555		2,541		_		_		4,096
Cash payments and other adjustments		_		(6,796)		(426)		(706)		(7,928)
Accrued restructuring balance as of April 1, 2018	\$	1,555	\$	1,884	\$	317	\$	10,591	\$	14,347
Current portion of the restructuring accrual	\$	1,555	\$	1,884	\$	317	\$	2,377	\$	6,133
Non-current portion of the restructuring accrual	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	8,214	\$	8,214

NOTE 7. EMPLOYEE STOCK PLANS AND STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION

The following table summarizes the stock-based compensation expense by line item recorded in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations:

		Three Months Ended					
	Apr	il 1, 2018	April 2, 2017				
		(In thousands)					
Cost of revenues	\$	3,584 \$	3,885				
Research and development		6,713	10,286				
Selling, general and administrative		8,161	8,983				
Total stock-based compensation expense	\$	18,458 \$	23,154				

As of April 1, 2018 and December 31, 2017, stock-based compensation capitalized in inventory totaled \$2.4 million and \$3.3 million, respectively.

The following table summarizes the stock-based compensation expense by type of awards:

		Three Months Ended				
		April 1, 2018		April 2, 2017		
	(In thousands)					
Stock options	\$	96	\$	_		
Restricted stock units ("RSUs") and performance-based restricted stock units ("PSUs")		17,249		21,965		
Employee Stock Purchase Plan ("ESPP")		1,113		1,189		
Total stock-based compensation expense	\$	18,458	\$	23,154		

The following table summarizes the unrecognized stock-based compensation expense, by type of awards:

	As o	f
	 April 1, 2018	Weighted- Average Amortization Period
	 (In thousands)	(In years)
RSUs and PSUs	136,095	1.82
ESPP	2,344	0.57
Total unrecognized stock-based compensation expense	\$ 138,439	1.79

Equity Incentive Program

As of April 1, 2018, approximately 45.1 million stock options, or 25.1 million RSUs/PSUs were available for grant as share-based awards under the 2013 Stock Plan, the 2010 Equity Incentive Award Plan (formerly the Spansion 2010 Equity Incentive Award Plan) and the 2012 Incentive Award Plan (formerly the Ramtron Plan). As of April 1, 2018, there were 3.1 million shares of stock available for issuance under the ESPP plan.

Stock Options

The following table summarizes the Company's stock option activities:

	Shares		Weighted- Average Exercise Price Per Share	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual term	Ag	gregate Intrinsic Value
	(In thousands, except per-share amounts)		(In years)		(\$ in millions)	
Options outstanding as of December 31, 2017	4,627	\$	11.63			
Exercised	(875)	\$	9.86			
Forfeited or expired	(41)	\$	15.86			
Options outstanding as of April 1, 2018	3,711	\$	12.00	2.37	\$	19.6
Options exercisable as of April 1, 2018	3,543	\$	12.05	2.32	\$	18.6

There were no options granted during the three months ended April 1, 2018.

Restricted Stock Units ("RSUs") and Performance-Based Restricted Stock Units ("PSUs")

The following table summarizes the Company's RSU/PSU activities:

	Shares	Weighted- Average Grant Date Fair Value Per Share	
		isands, except are amounts)	
Balance as of December 31, 2017	11,976	\$	12.44
Granted	5,310	\$	16.55
Released	(2,707)	\$	12.75
Forfeited	(666)	\$	12.85
Balance as of April 1, 2018	13,913	\$	13.92

2018 Long-Term Incentive Program

During the first quarter of 2018, the Compensation Committee of the Company approved the issuance of service-based and performance-based restricted stock units under the Company's Long-term Incentive Plan ("LTIP") to certain employees. The milestones for the 2018 LTIP grants include service and performance conditions based on revenue growth, and profit milestones over the next 3 years. A portion of the LTIP awards include a multiplier based certain market conditions.

NOTE 8. DEBT

Total debt is comprised of the following:

		As of			
	A	pril 1, 2018	December 31, 2017		
		(In thousands)			
Current portion of long-term debt					
Senior Secured Credit Facility:					
Term Loan B	\$	27,303	\$	27,303	
Revolving Credit facility and long-term portion of debt					
Credit Facility					
Senior Revolving Credit Facility		63,000		90,000	
Term Loan B		464,995		468,080	
2% 2020 Spansion Exchangeable Notes		11,191		20,375	
4.5% 2022 Senior Exchangeable Notes		249,166		246,636	
2% 2023 Exchangeable Notes		132,332		131,422	
Credit facility and long-term debt		920,684		956,513	
Total debt	\$	947,987	\$	983,816	

As of April 1, 2018, the Company was in compliance with all of the financial covenants under all of its debt facilities.

Senior Secured Revolving Credit Facility and Term Loan B

On March 12, 2018, the Company amended and restated its Credit and Guaranty Agreement. The amendment reduces the applicable margins on the Senior Secured Revolving Credit Facility and Term Loan B. After giving effect to the amendment, the Term Loan B bears interest, at the option of the Company, at the base rate plus an applicable margin of 1.25% or the Eurodollar rate plus an applicable margin of 2.25%. The Senior Secured Revolving Credit Facility bears interest, at the option of the Company, at the base rate plus an applicable margin of either 0.75% or 1.00%, depending on the Company's secured leverage ratio, or the Eurodollar rate plus an applicable margin of 1.75% or 2.00%, depending on the Company's secured leverage ratio. The amendment removed the fixed charge coverage ratio financial covenants. In addition, for Term Loan B, the amendment removed the total leverage ratio covenant and changed the required amortization payments to 1% per annum and waived the excess cash flow mandatory repayment for fiscal 2017.

As of April 1, 2018, \$568.1 million aggregate principal amount of loans, including the revolving credit facility and Term Loan B, were outstanding under the Credit Facility.

2% 2020 Spansion Exchangeable Notes

Pursuant to the Merger, Cypress assumed Spansion's 2% 2020 Spansion Exchangeable Notes (the "Spansion Notes") on March 12, 2015. They are fully and unconditionally guaranteed on a senior unsecured basis by the Company. The Spansion Notes will mature on September 1, 2020, unless earlier repurchased or converted, and bear interest of 2% per year payable semi-annually in arrears on March 1 and September 1. The Spansion Notes may be due and payable immediately in certain events of default.

On March 7, 2018, the Company entered into a privately negotiated agreement to induce the extinguishment of a portion of the Spansion Notes. The Company paid the holders of the Spansion Notes cash for the aggregate principal of \$10 million and delivered 1.4 million shares of common stock for the conversion spread. The Company recorded \$0.2 million in loss on extinguishment and a reduction in additional paid-in capital of \$25.7 million towards the deemed repurchase of the equity component of the notes. The loss on extinguishment is recorded in "Interest Expense" in the Condensed Consolidated Statement of Operations.

The 2% 2020 Spansion Exchangeable Notes consisted of the following:

		As of				
	Apri	1 1, 2018 D	December 31, 2017			
		(in thousands)				
Equity component	\$	22,971 \$	42,130			
Liability component:						
Principal		11,990	21,990			
Less debt discount and debt issuance costs, net		(797)	(1,615)			
Net carrying amount	\$	11,193 \$	20,375			

The following table summarizes the components of the total interest on the Spansion Notes recognized as an expense:

	Three Months Ended April 1 2018	Three Months Ended April 2, 2017			
	(in thousands)				
Contractual interest expense at 2% per annum	\$ 4:	3 \$ 750			
Accretion of debt discount	59	913			
Total	\$ 102	\$ 1,663			

4.5% 2022 Senior Exchangeable Notes

On June 23, 2016, the Company issued, at face value, \$287.5 million of Senior Exchangeable Notes due in 2022 (the "Notes") in a private placement to qualified institutional buyers under Rule 144A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. The Notes are governed by an Indenture ("Indenture"), dated June 23, 2016, between the Company and U.S. Bank National Association, as Trustee. The Notes will mature on January 15, 2022, unless earlier repurchased or converted, and bear interest of 4.5% per year payable semi-annually in arrears on January 15 and July 15, commencing on January 15, 2017. The Notes may be due and payable immediately in certain events of default.

The 4.5% 2022 Senior Exchangeable Notes consisted of the following:

	As of				
	April 1, 2018 December			December 31, 2017	
	(in thousands)				
Equity component	\$	47,686	\$	47,686	
Liability component:					
Principal		287,500		287,500	
Less debt discount and debt issuance costs, net		(38,334)		(40,864)	
Net carrying amount	\$	249,166	\$	246,636	

The following table summarizes the components of the total interest expense related to the Notes recognized as expense:

	Three Mo	Three Months Ended April 1, 2018		nths Ended April 2, 2017	
		(in thousands)			
Contractual interest expense	\$	3,234	\$	3,270	
Amortization of debt issuance costs		320		319	
Accretion of debt discount		2,209		2,202	
Total	\$	5,763	\$	5,791	

Capped Calls

In connection with the issuance of the Notes, the Company entered into capped call transactions with certain bank counterparties to reduce the risk of potential dilution of the Company's common stock upon the exchange of the Notes. The capped call transactions have an initial strike price of approximately \$13.49 and an initial cap price of approximately \$15.27, in each case, subject to adjustment. The capped calls expire in January 2022.

2% 2023 Exchangeable Notes

On November 6, 2017, the Company, issued at face value, \$150.0 million of Senior Exchangeable Notes due in 2023 (the "2% 2023 Exchangeable Notes") in a private placement to qualified institutional buyers under Rule 144A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. The 2% 2023 Exchangeable Notes are governed by an indenture ("2017 Indenture"), dated November 6, 2017, between the Company and U.S. Bank National Association, as Trustee. The 2% 2023 Exchangeable Notes will mature on February 1, 2023 unless earlier repurchased or converted, and bear interest of 2% per year payable semi-annually.

The 2% 2023 Exchangeable Notes consisted of the following:

		As of			
	Apri	April 1, 2018 December 31, 20			
		(In thousands)			
Equity component		15,028		15,028	
Liability component:					
Principal		150,000		150,000	
Less debt discount and debt issuance costs, net		(17,668)	_	(18,578)	
Net carrying amount	\$	132,332	\$	131,422	

The following table summarizes the component of the total interest expense related to the 2% 2023 Exchangeable Notes recognized as an expense:

	Three Months E		Three Month En	
		(In tho	usands)	
Contractual interest expense at 2% Per annum	\$	748	\$	_
Amortization of debt issuance costs	175			_
Accretion of debt discount	735			_
Total	\$	1,658	\$	

Future Debt Payments

The future scheduled principal payments for the outstanding Company's debt as of April 1, 2018, were as follows:

Fiscal Year	Total
2018 (remaining nine months)	\$ 20,477
2019	30,715
2020	115,944
2021	412,952
2022 and after	437,500
Total	\$ 1,017,588

NOTE 9. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Operating Lease Commitments

The Company leases certain facilities and equipment under non-cancelable operating lease agreements that expire at various dates through fiscal 2022 and thereafter. Some leases include renewal options, which would permit extensions of the expiration dates at rates approximating fair market rental values at the time of the extension.

As of April 1, 2018, future minimum lease payments under non-cancelable operating leases were as follows:

Fiscal Year	(In thousands)			
2018 (remaining nine months)	\$	14,251		
2019		15,955		
2020		13,989		
2021		10,250		
2022		9,061		
2023 and thereafter		17,498		
Total	\$	81,004		

Restructuring accrual balances related to operating facility leases were \$10.6 million and \$11.5 million as of April 1, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively.

Product Warranties

The Company generally warrants its products against defects in materials and workmanship for a period of one year and that product warranty is generally limited to a refund of the original purchase price of the product or a replacement part. The Company estimates its warranty costs based upon its historical warranty claim experience. Warranty returns are recorded as an allowance for sales returns. The allowance for sales returns is reviewed quarterly to verify that it reflects the remaining obligations based on the anticipated returns over the balance of the obligation period.

The following table presents the Company's warranty reserve activities:

		Three Months Ended			
	April	April 1, 2018 April 2, 201			
		(In thousands)			
Beginning balance	\$	4,445 \$	3,996		
Settlements made		(1,948)	(319)		
Provisions		1,948	319		
Ending balance	\$	4,445 \$	3,996		

Contractual Obligations

The Company has entered into agreements with certain vendors that include "take or pay" terms. Take or pay terms obligate the Company to purchase a minimum required amount of materials or services or make specified payments in lieu of such purchase. The Company may not be able to consume minimum commitments under these take or pay terms, requiring payments to vendors, which may have a material adverse impact on the Company's earnings.

Litigation and Asserted Claims

On August 15, 2016, a patent infringement lawsuit was filed by the California Institute of Technology ("Caltech") against the Company in the U.S. District Court for the Central District of California (Case No. 16-cv-03714). The other co-defendants are Apple Inc., Avago Technologies Limited, Broadcom Corporation, and Broadcom Limited. Caltech alleges that defendants infringe four patents. On July 12, 2017, the Court issued a claim construction order. Trial will likely not occur until at least the first quarter of 2019, and the Company will defend against the allegations accordingly. Due to the current stage of the proceedings, the Company cannot reasonably estimate the loss or the range of possible losses, if any.

The Company is currently a party to various other legal proceedings, claims, disputes and litigation arising in the ordinary course of business. Based on its own investigations, the Company believes the ultimate outcome of the current legal

proceedings, individually and in the aggregate, will not have a material adverse effect on its financial position, results of operation or cash flows. However, because of the nature and inherent uncertainties of the litigation, should the outcome of these actions be unfavorable, the Company's business, financial condition, results of operations or cash flows could be materially and adversely affected.

Indemnification Obligations

The Company is a party to a variety of agreements pursuant to which it may be obligated to indemnify other parties to such agreements with respect to certain matters. Typically, these obligations arise in the context of contracts that the Company has entered into, under which the Company customarily agrees to hold the other party harmless against losses arising from a breach of representations and covenants or terms and conditions related to such matters as the sale and/or delivery of its products, title to assets sold, certain intellectual property claims, defective products, specified environmental matters and certain income taxes. In these circumstances, payment by the Company is customarily conditioned on the other party making a claim pursuant to the procedures specified in the particular contract, which procedures typically allow the Company to challenge the other party's claims and vigorously defend itself and the third party against such claims. Further, the Company's obligations under these agreements may be limited in terms of time, amount or the scope of its responsibility and in some instances, the Company may have recourse against third parties for certain payments made under these agreements.

It is not possible to predict the maximum potential amount of future payments under these agreements due to the conditional nature of the Company's obligations and the unique facts and circumstances involved in each particular agreement. Historically, payments the Company has made under these agreements have not had a material effect on the Company's business, financial condition or results of operations. Management believes that if the Company were to incur a loss in any of these matters, such loss would not have a material effect on its business, financial condition, cash flows or results of operations, although there can be no assurance of this. As of April 1, 2018, the Company had no reason to believe a loss exceeding amounts already recognized would be incurred.

NOTE 10. FOREIGN CURRENCY AND INTEREST RATE DERIVATIVES

The Company enters into multiple foreign exchange forward contracts to hedge certain operational exposures resulting from fluctuations in Japanese yen and Euro exchange rates. The Company does not enter into derivative securities for speculative purposes. The Company's hedging policy is designed to mitigate the impact of foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations on its operating results. Some foreign currency forward contracts are considered to be economic hedges that were not designated as hedging instruments while others were designated as cash flow hedges. Whether designated or undesignated as cash flow hedges or not, these forward contracts protect the Company against the variability of forecasted foreign currency cash flows resulting from revenues, expenses and net asset or liability positions designated in currencies other than the U.S. dollar. The maximum original duration of any contract allowable under the Company's hedging policy is 13 months for foreign currency hedging contracts.

Cash Flow Hedges

The Company enters into cash flow hedges to protect non-functional currency inventory purchases and certain other operational expenses, in addition to its on-going program of cash flow hedges to protect its non-functional currency revenues against variability in cash flows due to foreign currency fluctuations. The Company's foreign currency forward contracts that were designated as cash flow hedges have maturities between three and twelve months. All hedging relationships are formally documented, and the hedges are designed to offset changes to future cash flows on hedged transactions at the inception of the hedge. The Company recognizes derivative instruments from hedging activities as either assets or liabilities on the balance sheet and measures them at fair value on a monthly basis. The Company records changes in the intrinsic value of its cash flow hedges in accumulated other comprehensive income on the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets, until the forecasted transaction occurs. Interest charges or "forward points" on the forward contracts are excluded from the assessment of hedge effectiveness and are recorded in interest and other income, net in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations. When the forecasted transaction occurs, the Company reclassifies the related gain or loss on the cash flow hedge to revenue or costs, depending on the risk hedged. In the event the underlying forecasted transaction does not occur, or it becomes probable that it will not occur, the Company will reclassify the gain or loss on the related cash flow hedge from accumulated other comprehensive income to interest and other income, net in its Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations at that time. At April 1, 2018, the Company has a gain of \$0.9 million, which is related to cash flow hedge, recorded in other comprehensive income.

The Company evaluates hedge effectiveness at the inception of the hedge prospectively as well as retrospectively and records any ineffective portion of the hedge in interest and other income, net in its Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations.

At April 1, 2018, the Company had outstanding forward contracts to buy approximately \(\xi\)1,785 million for \(\xi\)16.0 million.

In December 2017, the Company entered into fixed-for-floating interest rate forward swap agreements with two counterparties, to swap variable interest payments on certain debt for fixed interest payments; these agreements will expire on July 2021. The objective of the swap was to effectively fix the interest rate at current levels without having to refinance the outstanding term loan, thereby avoiding the incurrence of transaction costs. The interest rate on the variable debt becomes fixed in April 2018.

On January 3, 2018, the Company evaluated the hedge effectiveness of the interest rate swaps and has designated these swaps as hedging instruments. Upon designation as cash flow hedge instruments, future changes in fair value of these swaps are recognized in accumulated other comprehensive income. At April 1, 2018, the Company has a gain of \$3.0 million, which is related to interest rate swaps, recorded in other comprehensive income.

Non-designated hedges

Total notional amounts of net outstanding contracts were as summarized below:

Buy / Sell	April 1, 2018	December 31, 2017
	(In m	illions)
US dollar / EUR	\$2.7 / €2.2	\$8.8 / €7.4
US dollar / Japanese Yen	\$11.3 /¥1,245	\$15.9 / ¥1,744
Japanese Yen / US dollar	¥2,163 / \$19.6	¥4,790 / \$43.0

The effect of derivative instruments on the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations for the three months ended April 1, 2018 was immaterial.

The gross fair values of derivative instruments on the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets as of April 1, 2018 and December 31, 2017 were as follows:

	April 1, 2018		December 31, 2017								
Balance Sheet location	Derivatives Derivatives not designated as designated as hedging hedging instruments		designated as		designated as		esignated as hedging designated as hedgin		designated as hedging		rivatives not esignated as ng instruments
				(In tho	usand	s)		_			
Other Current Assets											
Derivative Asset	\$	2,258	\$	747	\$	805	\$	392			
Non-current Assets											
Derivative Asset		3,298		_		_		607			
Other Current Liabilities											
Derivative Liability	\$	1,336	\$	447	\$	775	\$	1,258			
		26									

NOTE 11. NET INCOME (LOSS) PER SHARE

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted net income (loss) per share:

	Three Months Ended					
	April 1, 2018			April 2, 2017		
	(In thousands, except per-share amounts)					
Net income (loss) attributable to Cypress	\$	9,078	\$	(42,999)		
Weighted-average common shares		355,461		326,964		
Weighted-average diluted shares		370,592		326,964		
Net income (loss) per share—basic	\$	0.03	\$	(0.13)		
Net income (loss) per share—diluted	\$	0.02	\$	(0.13)		

For the three months ended April 1, 2018 and April 2, 2017, approximately 2.5 million and 23.5 million, weighted average potentially dilutive securities consisting of outstanding share based awards and convertible debt, respectively, were excluded in the computation of diluted net loss per share because their effect would have been anti-dilutive.

NOTE 12. INCOME TAXES

The Company's income tax expense was \$5.1 million and \$4.9 million for the three months ended April 1, 2018 and April 2, 2017, respectively. The income tax expense for the three months ended April 1, 2018 and April 2, 2017 were primarily attributable to non-U.S. taxes associated with the Company's non-U.S. operations.

On December 22, 2017, the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017 (the "Act") was signed into law making significant changes to the Internal Revenue Code effective for tax years beginning after December 31, 2017. Changes include, but are not limited to, a corporate tax rate decrease from 35% to 21%, the repeal of corporate alternative minimum tax, the transition of U.S. international taxation from a worldwide tax system to a territorial system, and a one-time transition tax on the mandatory deemed repatriation of cumulative foreign earnings as of December 31, 2017.

On December 22, 2017, Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 118 ("SAB 118") was issued to address the application of U.S. GAAP in situations when a registrant does not have the necessary information available, prepared, or analyzed (including computations) in reasonable detail to complete the accounting for certain income tax effects of the Act. For the three months ended April 1, 2018, the Company did not obtain any additional information affecting the provisional amount initially recorded at December 31, 2017. Additional work is still necessary for a more detailed analysis of the Company's historical foreign earnings as well as potential correlative adjustments. Any subsequent adjustment to these amounts will be recorded to current tax expense in the quarter of 2018 in which the analysis is complete.

The Company intends to continue maintaining a full valuation allowance on its deferred tax assets until there is sufficient evidence to support the reversal of all or some portion of these allowances. However, considering the Company's current assessment of the probability of maintaining profitability, there is a reasonable possibility that, within the next year, sufficient positive evidence may become available to reach a conclusion that a significant portion, or all, of the valuation allowance will no longer be needed. As such, the Company may release a significant portion, or all, of its valuation allowance against its deferred tax assets within the next 12 months. This release, if any, would result in the recognition of certain deferred tax assets and a decrease to income tax expense for the period such release is recorded.

Unrecognized Tax Benefits

As of April 1, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the amount of unrecognized tax benefits that, if recognized, would affect the Company's effective tax rate totaled \$29.6 million and \$28.9 million, respectively.

Management believes events that could occur in the next 12 months which could cause a change in unrecognized tax benefits include, but are not limited to the following:

- completion of examinations by the U.S. or foreign taxing authorities; and
- expiration of statute of limitations on the Company's tax returns.

The calculation of unrecognized tax benefits involves dealing with uncertainties in the application of complex global tax regulations. Management regularly assesses the Company's tax positions in light of legislative, bilateral tax treaty, regulatory and judicial developments in the countries in which the Company does business. The Company believes it is reasonably possible that it may recognize up to approximately \$1.3 million of of its existing unrecognized tax benefits within the next twelve months as a result of the lapse of statutes of limitations and the resolution of agreements with domestic and various foreign tax authorities.

Classification of Interest and Penalties

The Company classifies interest and penalties as components of the income tax provision in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations. As of April 1, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the amounts of accrued interest and penalties totaled \$11.6 million and \$11.0 million, respectively.

NOTE 13. SEGMENT, GEOGRAPHICAL AND CUSTOMER INFORMATION

Segment Information

The Company designs, develops, manufactures and markets a broad range of solutions for embedded systems, from automotive, industrial and networking platforms to interactive consumer devices.

Operating segments are identified as components of an enterprise for which separate discrete financial information is available for evaluation by the chief operating decision-maker, or decision-making group, in making decisions on how to allocate resources and assess performance. The Company's chief operating decision maker ("CODM") is considered to be the Chief Executive Officer.

Revenues

		Three Months Ended				
	A	April 1, 2018				
		(In thousands)				
Microcontroller and Connectivity Division ("MCD")	\$	336,710 \$	317,901			
Memory Products Division ("MPD")		245,531	213,973			
Total revenues	\$	582,241 \$	531,874			

Income (loss) before Income Taxes

	Three Months Ended				
	 April 1, 2018	April 2, 2017			
	 (In thousa	ands)			
MCD	\$ 13,484	(918)			
MPD	89,838	49,671			
Unallocated items:					
Stock-based compensation expense	(18,458)	(23,154)			
Restructuring charges	(4,096)	(2,572)			
Amortization of intangible assets	(54,588)	(48,249)			
Changes related to debt extinguishment	630	_			
Changes in value of deferred compensation plan	(417)	(213)			
Other adjustments	(8,785)	(7,497)			
Income (Loss) from operations before income taxes	\$ 17,608	(32,932)			

The Company does not allocate goodwill and intangible assets impairment charges, impact of purchase accounting, IPR&D impairment, severance and retention costs, acquisition-related costs, stock-based compensation, interest income and other, and interest expense to its segments. In addition, the Company does not allocate assets to its segments. The Company excludes these items consistent with the manner in which it internally evaluates its results of operations.

Geographical Information

The following table presents revenues by geographical locations:

	Three Months Ended				
	 April 1, 2018		April 2, 2017		
	 (In thou	sands)			
United States	\$ 73,662	\$	47,356		
Europe	87,324		70,876		
Greater China (includes China, Taiwan and Hong Kong)	215,822		233,266		
Japan	135,354		115,138		
Rest of the World	 70,079		65,238		
Total revenue	\$ 582,241	\$	531,874		

	Three Months Ended				
	 April 1, 2018	April 2, 2017			
	(In thousands)				
Product revenue	\$ 571,430	\$	505,014		
Non-product revenue	10,811		26,860		
Total revenue	\$ 582,241	\$	531,874		

		Three Months Ended					
		April 1, 2018	April 2, 2017				
Goods/Services transferred at a point in time	\$	578,235	\$	508,635			
Goods/Services transferred over time		4,006		23,239			
Total revenue	\$	582,241	\$	531,874			

Property, plant and equipment, net, by geographic locations were as follows:

	 As of					
	April 1, 2018	Decembe	er 31, 2017			
	(In t	housands)	_			
United States	\$ 183,493	\$	186,824			
Philippines	36,946		36,747			
Thailand	35,676		29,151			
Japan	11,092		12,211			
Other	27,092		24,621			
Total property, plant and equipment, net	\$ 294,299	\$	289,554			

The Company tracks its assets by physical location. Although management reviews asset information on a corporate level and allocates depreciation expense by segment, the Company's CODM does not review asset information on a segment basis.

Customer Information

Outstanding accounts receivable from two of the Company's distributors accounted for 21.1% and 14.9% of its consolidated accounts receivable as of April 1, 2018. Outstanding accounts receivable from one of the Company's distributors accounted for 28.0% of its consolidated accounts receivable as of December 31, 2017.

Revenue earned through two of the Company's distributors accounted for 19.4% and 13.5% of its consolidated revenue for the three months ended April 1, 2018. No other distributors or customers accounted for 10% or more of the Company's revenues for the three months ended April 1, 2018.

Revenue earned through one of the Company's distributors accounted for 16.9% of its consolidated revenue for the three months ended April 2, 2017. No other distributors or customers accounted for 10% or more of the Company's revenues for the three months ended April 2, 2017.

NOTE 14. ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

The changes in accumulated other comprehensive loss, net of tax, by components are as follows (in thousands):

	Accumulated net unrealized losses on available-for-sale investments	Cumulative translation adjustment and other	Unrecognized Gain on the Defined Benefit Plan	Accumulated other comprehensive loss (income)
Balance as of December 31, 2017	(504)	6	(864)	(1,362)
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassification	4,464	_	_	4,464
Amounts reclassified to other income (expense), net	(530)	_	_	(530)
Balance as of April 1, 2018	\$ 3,430	\$ 6	\$ (864)	\$ 2,572

NOTE 15. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

In the ordinary course of business, the Company purchased from, or sold to several entities, for which one of its directors or executive officers also serves or served as a director or entities that are otherwise affiliated with one of the Company's directors or executive officers.

The following table provides the transactions with these parties for the indicated periods for the time period such parties were a related party of the Company:

		Three Months Ended				
	A	pril 1, 2018	A	April 2, 2017		
		(in the	usands)			
Total revenues	\$	3,277	\$	281		
Total purchases	\$	16,088	\$	4,156		

As of April 1, 2018 and April 2, 2017, total receivable balances with these parties totaled \$0.5 million and \$3.8 million, respectively, and total payable balances with these parties totaled \$8.9 million and \$2.7 million, respectively.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations ("MD&A") in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, that involve risks and uncertainties, which are discussed in the "Forward-Looking Statements" section under Part I of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Overview

Cypress Semiconductor Corporation ("Cypress" or "the Company") manufactures and sells advanced embedded system solutions for automotive, industrial, smart home appliances, consumer electronics and medical products. Cypress' microcontrollers, analog ICs, wireless and wired connectivity solutions and memories help engineers design differentiated products and help with speed to market. Cypress is committed to providing customers with quality support and engineering resources.

Business Segments

We continuously evaluate our reportable business segments in accordance with the applicable accounting guidance. The Company operates under two reportable business segments: Microcontroller and Connectivity Division ("MCD") and Memory Products Division ("MPD").

Business Segments	Description
Microcontroller and Connectivity Division	MCD focuses on high-performance microcontroller (MCU), analog and wireless and wired connectivity solutions. The portfolio includes Traveo™ automotive MCUs, PSoC® programmable MCUs and general-purpose MCUs with ARM® Cortex®-M4, -M3, -M0+ and R4 CPUs, analog PMIC Power Management ICs, CapSense® capacitive-sensing controllers, TrueTouch® touchscreen, Wi-Fi®, Bluetooth®, Bluetooth Low Energy and ZigBee® solutions and the WICED® development platform, and a broad line of USB controllers, including solutions for the USB-C and USB Power Delivery (PD) standards. This division also includes our intellectual property (IP) business.
Memory Products Division	MPD focuses on specialized, high-performance parallel and serial NOR flash memories, NAND flash memories, static random access memory (SRAM), F-RAM™ ferroelectric memory devices, non-volatile SRAM (nvSRAM), other specialty memories and timing solutions. This division also includes our subsidiary AgigA Tech Inc.

Business Strategy

Refer to Part I Item 1. Business in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017 for a discussion of our strategies.

As we continue to implement our strategies, there are many internal and external factors that could impact our ability to meet any or all of our objectives. Some of these factors are discussed under Part I Item 1A in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017 as well as in Part II Item 1A in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Results of Operations

Revenues

Our total revenues increased by \$50.4 million, or 9.5%, to \$582.2 million for the three-month period ended April 1, 2018 compared to the same period in the prior year. The increase was primarily driven by strength in the memory products.

The following table summarizes our consolidated revenues by segments:

		Three Months Ended				
	<u> </u>	April 1, 2018 April 2, 2017				
		(In tho	usands)			
Microcontroller and Connectivity Division ("MCD")	\$	336,710	\$	317,901		
Memory Products Division ("MPD")		245,531		213,973		
Total revenues	\$	582,241	\$	531,874		

Microcontroller and Connectivity Division:

Revenues recorded by MCD increased by \$18.8 million, or 5.9%, in the three months ended April 1, 2018 compared to the same prior year period. The increase was primarily driven by the growth in the USB-C, IoT/Wireless Connectivity and microcontroller products. The overall average selling price of our products for MCD for the three months ended April 1, 2018 was \$1.01 which decreased by \$0.11, compared with the same prior year period primarily due to changes in product mix.

Memory Products Division:

Revenues recorded by MPD increased by \$31.6 million, or 14.7%, in the three months ended April 1, 2018 compared to the same prior year period. The increase was primarily due to \$28.5 million of revenue growth from the Flash memory products. The overall ASP of our products for MPD for the three months ended April 1, 2018 was \$1.64, which increased by \$0.38, compared with the same prior year period. The increase is primarily attributed to higher ASPs for Flash memory products and changes in product mix.

Gross Margin

Three Mon	nths Ended
April 1, 2018	April 2, 2017
(In tho	usands)
212,392	157,108
36.5%	29.5%

Our gross margin improved to 36.5% in the three months ended April 1, 2018 from 29.5% in the three months ended April 2, 2017. One of the primary drivers of the improvement in gross margin was higher fab utilization which increased from 63% in the three months ended April 2, 2017 to 74% in the three months ended April 1, 2018 and a reduction in the cost of certain products. Favorable pricing and a shift to higher margin business also contributed to the gross margin improvement. Additionally, there was a reduction in write-downs of carrying value of inventory during the three months ended April 1, 2018 as compared to the same prior year period. Write-down of inventories during the three months ended April 1, 2018 was \$7.0 million as compared to \$10.5 million in the three months ended April 2, 2017. Write-down of inventories unfavorably impacted our gross margin by 1.2% and 2.0% for the three months ended April 1, 2018 and April 2, 2017, respectively. Sale of inventory that was previously written off or written down aggregated to \$9.0 million and \$7.6 million for the first quarters of fiscal years 2018 and 2017 respectively. Included in the cost of revenues are restructuring charges of \$1.9 million and \$0.2 million for the first quarters of fiscal years 2018 and 2017 respectively. The 2018 plan will result in a reduction of approximately 75 positions, which is expected to favorably impact costs starting second half of 2018. Included in the cost of revenues are amortization of intangible assets of \$48.1 million and \$43.2 million for the first quarters of fiscal years 2018 and 2017 respectively.

Research and Development ("R&D") Expenses

	Three Months	Ended
	 pril 1, 2018	April 2, 2017
	(In thousar	nds)
R&D expenses	\$ 93,233	89,348
As a percentage of revenues	16.0%	16.8%

R&D expenses increased by \$3.9 million in the three months ended April 1, 2018 compared to the same prior-year period. The increase was mainly attributable to \$3.5 million of higher labor costs from an increase in headcount and variable incentive increases and \$4.0 million of non-labor spending, offset by \$3.6 million of lower stock compensation.

Selling, General and Administrative ("SG&A") Expenses

	Three Month	ns Ended	
	 April 1, 2018	April 2,	2017
	 (In thous	ands)	
SG&A expenses	\$ 83,397	\$	81,333
As a percentage of revenues	14.3%		15.3%

SG&A expenses increased by \$2.1 million in the three months ended April 1, 2018 compared to the same prior-year period. The increase was due to \$2.7 million increase in professional fees. The increase was offset by a \$0.8 million decrease in stock-based compensation expense.

Income Taxes

Our income tax expense was \$5.1 million and \$4.9 million for the three months ended April 1, 2018 and April 2, 2017, respectively. The income tax expense for the three months ended April 1, 2018 and April 2, 2017 were primarily attributable to non-U.S. taxes associated with the Company's non-US operations.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

The following table summarizes information regarding our cash and cash equivalents and short-term investments and working capital:

		As of			
		April 1, 2018 December 31, 3 (In thousands)			
Cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments	\$	106,752	\$	151,596	
Working capital, net	\$	187,512	\$	147,854	

Key Components of Cash Flows

		Three Months Ended					
		April 1, 2018 April					
	(In thousands)						
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	31,678	\$	25,721			
Net cash used in investing activities	\$	(14,173)	\$	21,650			
Net cash used in financing activities	\$	(62,349)	\$	(46,043)			

Operating Activities

Net cash provided by operating activities during the three months ended April 1, 2018 was \$31.7 million as compared to \$25.7 million in the three months ended April 2, 2017. Net income recorded during the three months ended April 1, 2018 was \$9.1 million which was offset by net non-cash items of \$111.0 million and a \$88.5 million decrease in cash due to changes in operating assets and liabilities. The non-cash items primarily consisted of:

- depreciation and amortization of \$71.5 million,
- stock-based compensation expense of \$18.5 million,
- restructuring costs of \$4.1 million,
- accretion of interest expense on Senior Exchangeable Notes and amortization of debt and financing costs on other debt of \$8.4 million,
- · loss on disposal and impairment of property and equipment of \$5.3 million and
- our share in the net loss of equity method investees of \$3.5 million.

Decrease in net cash due to changes in operating assets and liabilities for the three months ended April 1, 2018 of \$88.5 million was primarily due to the following:

- a decrease in accounts payable and accrued and other liabilities of \$21.7 million mainly due to timing of payments and payments related to restructuring activities,
- an increase in inventories of \$4.2 million to support expected demand of MCD products for the upcoming quarters of 2018,
- an increase of \$41.0 million in price adjustments and other revenue reserves for sales to distributors due to non-linearity of shipment during the first quarter of 2018, and
- an increase in accounts receivable of \$97.3 million mainly due to timing of invoicing and collections. Days sales outstanding for the three months ended April 1, 2018 was 61 days as compared to 54 days in the three months ended April 2, 2017.

Investing Activities

During the three months ended April 1, 2018, we used approximately \$14.2 million of cash in our investing activities primarily due to:

• property and equipment expenditures of \$17.3 million relating to purchases of certain manufacturing facility equipment.

Financing Activities

During the three months ended April 1, 2018, we used approximately \$62.3 million of cash in our financing activities, primarily related to:

- a \$38.7 million dividend payment, net repayments of \$27.0 million on the revolving credit facility, and \$6.8 million of repayment of Term Loan B, and
- a \$10.0 million payment for extinguishment of 2% 2020 Spansion Exchangeable Notes,
- with such payments being offset by \$20.5 million of proceeds from employee equity awards.

Liquidity and Contractual Obligations

Contractual Obligations

The following table summarizes our contractual obligations as of April 1, 2018:

	Total	2018	2019 and 2020		2021 and 2022		After 2022
				(In thousands)			_
Purchase obligations (1)	\$ 480,286	\$ 175,361	\$	297,824	\$ 7,101	\$	_
Operating lease commitments (2)	81,004	14,251		29,944	19,311		17,498
Senior Secured Revolving Credit Facility	63,000	_		63,000	_		_
Term Loan B	505,099	20,477		71,669	412,953		_
2% 2020 Spansion Exchangeable Notes	11,990	_		11,990	_		_
4.5% 2022 Senior Exchangeable Notes	287,500	_		_	287,500		_
2% 2023 Exchangeable Notes	150,000	_		_	_		150,000
Interest payment on debt	154,216	31,346		86,108	36,507		255
Asset retirement obligations	6,024	230		3,474	1,973		347
Total contractual obligations	\$ 1,739,119	\$ 241,665	\$	564,009	\$ 765,345	\$	168,100

- (1) Purchase obligations primarily include non-cancelable purchase orders for materials, services, manufacturing equipment, building improvements and supplies in the ordinary course of business. Purchase obligations are defined as enforceable agreements that are legally binding on us and that specify all significant terms, including quantity, price and timing.
- (2) Operating leases include payments relating to Spansion's lease for office space in San Jose for a new headquarters entered into May 22, 2014, which is no longer in use. The lease is for a period of 12 years, with two options to extend for periods of five years each after the initial lease term. The term of the lease commenced on January 1, 2015 and expires on December 31, 2026.

As of April 1, 2018, our unrecognized tax benefits were \$29.6 million, which were classified as long-term liabilities. We believe it is possible that we may recognize up to approximately \$1.3 million of our existing unrecognized tax benefits within the next twelve months as a result of the lapse of statutes of limitation and the resolution of agreements with domestic and various foreign tax authorities.

Capital Resources and Financial Condition

Our long-term strategy is to maintain a minimum amount of cash and cash equivalents for operational purposes and to invest the remaining amount of our cash in interest-bearing and highly liquid cash equivalents and debt securities, payments of regularly scheduled cash dividends, and the repayment of debt. As of April 1, 2018, our cash, cash equivalents and short-term investment balance was \$106.8 million as compared to \$151.6 million as of December 31, 2017. As of April 1, 2018 approximately 41.6% of our cash was owned by our non-U.S. subsidiaries. While these amounts are primarily denominated in

U.S. dollars, a portion is denominated in foreign currencies. All non-U.S. cash balances are exposed to local political, banking, currency control and other risks. In addition, these amounts, if repatriated, may be subject to tax and other transfer restrictions. However, the Company has significant U.S. net operating losses that may negate any U.S. tax impact of cash repatriation.

We believe that the liquidity provided by existing cash, cash equivalents and available-for-sale investments and our borrowing arrangements will provide sufficient capital to meet our requirements for at least the next twelve months. However, should economic conditions and/or financial, business and other factors beyond our control adversely affect the estimates of our future cash requirements, we could be required to fund our cash requirements by alternative financing. There can be no assurance that additional financing, if needed, would be available on terms acceptable to us or at all. In addition, we may choose at any time to raise additional capital or debt to strengthen our financial position, facilitate growth, pursue strategic initiatives (including the acquisition of other companies) and provide us with additional flexibility to take advantage of other business opportunities that arise. As of April 1, 2018, we were in compliance with all of the financial covenants under all of our debt facilities.

Critical Policies and Estimates

The discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations are based upon our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and the data used to prepare them. Our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States and we are required to make estimates, judgments and assumptions in the course of such preparation. Note 1 of the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements under Part I, Item 1 describes the significant accounting policies and methods used in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements. On an ongoing basis, we re-evaluate our judgments and estimates including those related to revenue recognition, allowances for doubtful accounts receivable, inventory valuation, valuation of long-lived assets, goodwill and financial instruments, stock-based compensation, settlement costs, and income taxes. We base our estimates and judgments on historical experience, knowledge of current conditions and our beliefs of what could occur in the future considering available information. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions.

As discussed in Item 7, "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017, we consider the following accounting policies to be the most critical in understanding the judgments that are involved in preparing our consolidated financial statements:

- Revenue Recognition
- Business Combinations
- Valuation of Inventories
- Valuation of Long-Lived Assets
- Valuation of Goodwill
- · Cash Flow Hedges
- · Stock-Based Compensation
- Employee Benefits Plan
- · Accounting for Income Taxes

As discussed in Note 1, we adopted Topic 606 on January 1, 2018. There have been no other changes to our critical accounting policies and estimates since the filing of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

Interest Rate Risks

Our investment portfolio consists of a variety of financial instruments that expose us to interest rate risk, including, but not limited to, money market funds, certificates of deposit and corporate securities. These investments are generally classified as available-for-sale and, consequently, are recorded on our balance sheets at fair market value with their related unrealized gain or loss reflected as a component of accumulated other comprehensive income in stockholders' equity. Due to the relatively short-term nature of our investment portfolio, we do not believe that an immediate increase in interest rates would have a material effect on the fair market value of our portfolio.

Our debt obligations consist of a variety of financial instruments that expose us to interest rate risk, including, but not limited to our revolving credit facility, Term Loans and Exchangeable Notes. Interest on the Exchangeable Notes is fixed and interest on

our Term Loans is at variable rates. The interest rate on the Term Loans is tied to short-term interest rate benchmarks including the Prime Rate and LIBOR.

In December 2017, we entered into fixed-for-floating interest rate forward swap agreements with two counterparties, starting from April 2018, to swap variable interest payments on our debt for fixed interest payments. These agreements will expire in July 2021. The objective of the swap was to effectively fix the interest rate at current levels without having to refinance the outstanding term loan, thereby avoiding the incurrence of transaction costs. The interest rate on the variable debt will continue to float until it becomes fixed in April 2018. On January 3, 2018, we evaluated the hedge effectiveness of the interest rate swaps and have designated these swaps as hedging instruments. Upon designation as hedge instruments, future changes in fair value of these swaps will be recognized in accumulated other comprehensive loss.

A one hundred basis point change in the contractual interest rates would change our interest expense for the Senior Secured Revolving Credit Facility and Term Loan by approximately \$2.7 million annually.

Our long-term operating results and cash flows may be materially affected to a significant degree by a sudden change in market interest rates.

Foreign Currency Exchange Risk

We operate and sell products in various global markets and purchase capital equipment using foreign currencies but predominantly the U.S. dollar. We are exposed to certain risks associated with changes in foreign currency exchange rates in Japanese yen and other foreign currencies.

For example:

- sales of our products to Japanese distributors are denominated in U.S. dollars, Japanese yen and Euros;
- some of our manufacturing costs and operating expenses are denominated in Japanese yen, and other foreign currencies such as the Thai Baht, Philippine Peso and Malaysian Ringgit; and
- some fixed asset purchases and sales are denominated in other foreign currencies.

Consequently, movements in exchange rates could cause our revenues and our expenses to fluctuate, affecting our profitability and cash flows. We use foreign currency forward contracts to reduce our foreign exchange exposure on our foreign currency denominated assets and liabilities. We also hedge a percentage of our forecasted revenue denominated in Japanese yen with foreign currency forward contracts. The objective of these contracts is to mitigate the impact of foreign currency exchange rate movements to our operating results on a short-term basis. We do not use these contracts for speculative or trading purposes.

We analyzed our foreign currency exposure, including our hedging strategies, to identify assets and liabilities denominated in other currencies. For those assets and liabilities, we evaluated the effects of a 10% shift in exchange rates between those currencies and the U.S. dollar. We have determined that there would be an immaterial effect on our results of operations from such a shift. Please see Note 10 of the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for details on the contracts.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Evaluation of disclosure controls and procedures

We maintain "disclosure controls and procedures," as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in Securities and Exchange Commission rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. In designing and evaluating our disclosure controls and procedures, management recognized that disclosure controls and procedures, no matter how well conceived and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the disclosure controls and procedures are met. Additionally, in designing disclosure controls and procedures, our management necessarily was required to apply its judgment in evaluating the cost-benefit relationship of possible disclosure controls and procedures. The design of any disclosure controls and procedures also is based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions.

Based on the evaluation of our disclosure controls and procedures required by Rules 13a-15(b) or 15d-15(b) under the Exchange Act, our Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer have concluded that, due to a material weakness in internal

control over financial reporting described in Part II, Item 9A of our 2017 Annual Report on Form 10-K, our disclosure controls and procedures were not effective as of April 1, 2018.

Changes in internal controls

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) that occurred during the first quarter of 2018 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting, other than as described below under the caption "Remediation Plan."

Remediation Plan

We are committed to remediating the material weakness by implementing changes to our internal control over financial reporting. We are implementing, and will continue to implement, changes and improvements in our internal control over financial reporting to remediate the control deficiency that gave rise to the material weakness. Specifically, we are in the process of implementing the following changes and improvements:

- Redesigning controls over the evaluation of assumptions and detailed calculations relating to the ESPP and expanding control activities to
 adequately reconcile and validate assumptions to the models used to determine non-cash stock-based compensation expense;
- Effective January 1, 2018, management has changed the parameters of the ESPP, which is expected to reduce the number of inputs required to estimate the fair value of those awards;
- Re-evaluating the design of stock-based compensation processes and implementing new and improved processes and controls, as appropriate, including adding supplemental oversight and review; and
- Strengthening the precision of the internal review process to ensure the completeness and accuracy of the assumptions and calculations used in accounting for stock-based compensation.

Management is committed to a strong internal control environment and believes that, when fully implemented and tested, the measures described above will remediate the material weakness in our internal control over financial reporting. We will continue to assess the effectiveness of our remediation efforts in connection with our future assessments of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting.

The material weakness will not be considered remediated until the applicable remedial controls operate for a sufficient period of time and management has concluded, through testing, that these controls are operating effectively. We expect the remediation of this material weakness to be completed prior to the end of fiscal 2018.

PART II-OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

The information required by this item is included in Note 9 of Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements under Part I Item 1, of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and is incorporated herein by reference.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

In addition to the other information set forth in this report, including the following risk factor, you should carefully consider the risks and uncertainties discussed in Part I, "Item 1A. Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017, which could materially affect our business, financial condition or future results. Unless they materially change, risk factors in our Annual Report and Quarterly Reports are not repeated here, but are incorporated by reference herein. The risks described in our reports are not the only risks facing our Company. Additional risks and uncertainties not currently known to us or that we currently deem to be not material may also materially and adversely affect our business, financial condition and/or operating results

Geopolitical uncertainty, and changes to international trade agreements, tariffs, import and excise duties, taxes or other governmental rules and regulations could adversely our business and results of operations

A majority of our revenue is generated from customers located outside the U.S. and a substantial portion of our assets, including employees, are located outside the U.S. Risks associated with international operations, any of which could have a material adverse effect on our business, liquidity, financial condition and/or results of operations, include:

- political instability, and the possibility of a deteriorating relationship with the United States;
- the imposition of new or modified international trade restrictions, tariffs, import and excise duties or other taxes;
- import and export requirements, including restrictions on sales to certain end customers;
- restrictions on foreign ownership and investments or on repatriation of cash earned in countries outside the U.S.;
- changes in local political, economic, social and labor conditions;
- a less developed and less certain legal and regulatory environment in some countries, which, among other things, can create uncertainty regarding contract enforcement, intellectual property rights and liability issues; and
- inadequate levels of compliance with applicable anti-bribery laws, including the Foreign Corrupt Practices Act.

The U.S. federal government or other governmental bodies may propose changes to international trade agreements, tariffs, taxes and other government rules and regulations. Any changes to the international trading system, or the emergence of an international trade dispute, could significantly impact our business and have a negative impact on our revenues. In addition, the U.S. and other countries in which we operate impose import and excise duties, tariffs and other taxes on our products in varying amounts. Any significant increases in import and excise duties or other taxes on our products could have a material adverse effect on our business, liquidity, financial condition and/or results of operations.

We could also be affected by nationalization of our international operations, unstable governments, unfamiliar or biased legal systems or intergovernmental disputes. Any determination that our operations or activities did not comply with applicable U.S. or foreign laws or regulations could result in the imposition of fines and penalties, interruptions of business, terminations of necessary licenses and permits, and other legal and equitable sanctions.

These international economic and political uncertainties and regulatory changes could have a material adverse effect on our, or our suppliers' and distributors', business, liquidity, financial condition and/or results of operations.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

None.

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None.

ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Not applicable.

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

None

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

Incorporated by Reference

			incor por ac	cu by Reference	
Exhibit	.	_	T	Y	Filed
Number	Description Certificate of Amendment to Second Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Cypress	Form	Filing Date	File No.	Herewith
3.1	Semiconductor Corporation, executed March 23, 2017 (including the Second Restated				
J.1	Certificate of Incorporation, executed June 12, 2000)	10-Q	5/2/2017	001-10079	
	Amended & Restated Bylaws of Cypress Semiconductor Corporation				
3.2	Amended & Restated Bytaws of Cypress Scinicolidated Corporation				
		8-K	09/25/2017	001-10079	
	Amendment No. 7 to Amended and Restated Credit and Guaranty Agreement, dated as of March 12, 2018, by and among Cypress Semiconductor Corporation, the guarantors party				
10.1	thereto, the lenders party thereto, and Morgan Stanley Senior Funding, Inc., as administrative				
	agent.	8-K	03/15/2018	001-10079	
10.2	Amendment to the Cypress Semiconductor Corporation 2012 Incentive Award Plan				X
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
10.3	Amendment to the Cypress Semiconductor Corporation 2013 Stock Plan.				X
31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.				X
					Α
31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.				X
	Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted				
32.1+	Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.				X
32.2+	Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted				
32.2	Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.				X
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document.				X
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document.				X
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document.				X
	ADRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkoase Document.				Λ
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document.				X
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document.				X
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document.				X

Exhibits 32.1 and 32.2 are being furnished and shall not be deemed to be "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act), or otherwise subject to the liability of that section, nor shall such exhibits be deemed to be incorporated by reference in any registration statement or other document filed under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Exchange Act, except as otherwise specifically stated in such filing.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

	CYPRESS SEMICONDUCTOR CORPORATION		
Date: April 27, 2018	Ву:	/s/ THAD TRENT	
		Thad Trent	
		Executive Vice President, Finance and Administration and Chief Financial Officer	
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AMENDMENT TO

THE CYPRESS SEMICONDUCTOR CORPORATION 2012 INCENTIVE AWARD PLAN

This amendment (the "<u>Amendment</u>") to the Cypress Semiconductor Corporation 2012 Incentive Award Plan (the "<u>Plan</u>"), is made and entered into effective as of February 16, 2018. Capitalized terms used and not otherwise defined herein shall have the meanings ascribed to such terms in the Plan.

RECITALS

WHEREAS, the Board of Directors of Cypress Semiconductor Corporation (the "<u>Company</u>") desires, pursuant to its authority under Section 19(a) of the Plan, to amend the Plan to broaden the Administrator's delegation authority under the Plan;

NOW, THEREFORE, the Plan shall be amended as follows:

- 1. <u>Amendment to Section 4</u>. Section 4 is amended to include the following subsection d. thereunder, which shall read as follows (and the current subsections d. and e. are renumbered to be e. and f., respectively):
 - "d. To the extent permitted by applicable law, the Board of Directors or Committee may from time to time delegate to a committee of one or more members of the Board of Directors or one or more executive officers of the Company the authority to grant or amend Awards; provided, however, that in no event shall an executive officer be delegated the authority to grant awards to, or amend awards held by, the following individuals: (a) individuals who are subject to Section 16 of the Exchange Act or (b) executive officers of the Company (or Directors) to whom authority to grant or amend Awards has been delegated hereunder. Any delegation hereunder shall be subject to the restrictions and limits that the Board of Directors or Committee specifies at the time of such delegation, and the Board of Directors may at any time rescind the authority so delegated or appoint a new delegatee. At all times, the delegatee appointed under this Section 4(d) shall serve in such capacity at the pleasure of the Board of Directors and the Committee."
 - 2. Effect on the Plan. Except as specifically amended by this Amendment, the Plan shall remain in full force and effect.
- 3. <u>Governing Law</u>. This Amendment shall be governed by and construed according to the laws of the State of Delaware without regard to its principles of conflict of laws.

AMENDMENT TO

THE CYPRESS SEMICONDUCTOR CORPORATION 2013 STOCK PLAN

This amendment (the "<u>Amendment</u>") to the Cypress Semiconductor Corporation 2013 Stock Plan (the "<u>Plan</u>"), is made and entered into effective as of February 16, 2018. Capitalized terms used and not otherwise defined herein shall have the meanings ascribed to such terms in the Plan.

RECITALS

WHEREAS, the Board of Directors of Cypress Semiconductor Corporation (the "<u>Company</u>") desires, pursuant to its authority under Section 18 of the Plan, to amend the Plan to broaden the Administrator's delegation authority under the Plan;

NOW, THEREFORE, the Plan shall be amended as follows:

- 1. <u>Amendment to Section 4</u>. Section 4 is amended to include an additional subsection 4.4 thereunder, which shall read as follows:
 - "4.4 To the extent permitted by applicable law, the Board or Committee may from time to time delegate to a committee of one or more members of the Board or one or more executive officers of the Company the authority to grant or amend Awards; provided, however, that in no event shall an executive officer be delegated the authority to grant awards to, or amend awards held by, the following individuals: (a) individuals who are subject to Section 16 of the Exchange Act, (b) executive officers of the Company (or Directors) to whom authority to grant or amend Awards has been delegated hereunder. Any delegation hereunder shall be subject to the restrictions and limits that the Board or Committee specifies at the time of such delegation, and the Board may at any time rescind the authority so delegated or appoint a new delegatee. At all times, the delegatee appointed under this Section 4.4 shall serve in such capacity at the pleasure of the Board and the Committee."
 - 2. Effect on the Plan. Except as specifically amended by this Amendment, the Plan shall remain in full force and effect.
- 3. Governing Law. This Amendment shall be governed by and construed according to the laws of the State of Delaware without regard to its principles of conflict of laws.

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Hassane El-Khoury, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Cypress Semiconductor Corporation;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(f)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Dated:	April 27, 2018	By:	/s/ HASSANE EL-KHOURY

HASSANE EL-KHOURY

President and Chief Executive Officer

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Thad Trent, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Cypress Semiconductor Corporation;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(f)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Administration and Chief Financial Officer

Dated:	April 27, 2018	By:	/s/ THAD TRENT	
		·	Thad Trent	
			Executive Vice President, Finance and	

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350 AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Hassane El-Khoury, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Cypress Semiconductor Corporation for the quarter ended April 1, 2018 fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the information contained in such Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Cypress Semiconductor Corporation.

Dated:	April 27, 2018	By:	/s/ HASSANE EL-KHOURY
			HASSANE EL-KHOURY
			President and Chief Executive Officer

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350 AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Thad Trent, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Cypress Semiconductor Corporation for the quarter ended April 1, 2018 fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the information contained in such Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Cypress Semiconductor Corporation.

Dated: April 27, 2018		Ву:	/s/ THAD TRENT
			Thad Trent
			Executive Vice President, Finance and Administration and Chief Financial Officer